

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
CHARLESTON DIVISION

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|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Vincent Shamont Rogers, |) | Case No. 2:21-cv-02942-DCC |
| |) | |
| Plaintiff, |) | |
| |) | |
| v. |) | ORDER |
| |) | |
| |) | |
| Warden of FCI McDowell, |) | |
| |) | |
| Defendant. |) | |
| _____ |) | |

This matter is before the Court upon Plaintiff's complaint alleging violations of his civil rights pursuant to *Bivens v. Six Unknown Federal Narcotics Agents*, 403 U.S. 388 (1971). ECF No. 1. In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2) (D.S.C.), this matter was referred to United States Magistrate Judge Mary Gordon Baker for pre-trial proceedings and a Report and Recommendation ("Report"). On September 9, 2022, the Magistrate Judge issued an Order informing Plaintiff that this action was subject to summary dismissal. ECF No. 10. Plaintiff was told that he could attempt to cure the defects in the complaint by filing an amended complaint. ECF No. 10. Plaintiff was warned that failure to file an amended complaint could result in dismissal of his claims with prejudice. Plaintiff did not file an amended complaint.¹

¹ The Court notes that the amended complaint order and the Report have been returned as undeliverable. ECF Nos. 13, 16. In the first proper form order, which has not been returned, Plaintiff was specifically informed that was his responsibility to keep the Court apprised of his current address. ECF No. 5.

On October 12, 2022, the Magistrate Judge issued a Report recommending that this action be dismissed without prejudice and without issuance and service of process. ECF No. 14. The Magistrate Judge advised Plaintiff of the procedures and requirements for filing objections to the Report and the serious consequences if he failed to do so. Plaintiff did not file objections to the Report, and the time to do so has lapsed.

The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this Court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the Court. *See Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The Court is charged with making a de novo determination of any portion of the Report of the Magistrate Judge to which a specific objection is made. The Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation made by the Magistrate Judge or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b). The Court will review the Report only for clear error in the absence of an objection. *See Diamond v. Colonial Life & Accident Ins. Co.*, 416 F.3d 310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (stating that “in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct a *de novo* review, but instead must only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record in order to accept the recommendation.” (citation omitted)).

As stated above, Plaintiff has not objected to the Magistrate Judge's Report. Accordingly, after considering the record in this case, the applicable law, and the Report of the Magistrate Judge, the Court finds no clear error and agrees with the

recommendation of the Magistrate Judge. This action is dismissed without prejudice and without issuance and service of process.²

IT IS SO ORDERED.

s/ Donald C. Coggins, Jr.
United States District Judge

December 5, 2022
Spartanburg, South Carolina

² See *Britt v. DeJoy*, 45 F.4th 790, 791 (4th Cir. 2022) (holding that “[w]hen a district court dismisses a complaint or all claims without granting leave to amend, its order is final and appealable”).